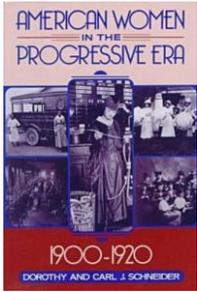


Boynton Middle School Library

Recommended Historical Fiction & Nonfiction

with a focus on books about the Progressive Era and Reform in the Early 1900s

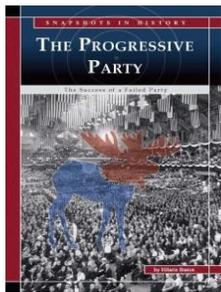


305.4 SCH

American Women in the Progressive Era, 1900-1920

by Dorothy Schneider & Carl J. Schneider

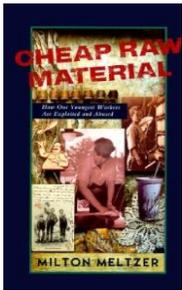
Chronicles two decades of American women and activities they participated in during the Progressive Era.



324 STA

The Progressive Party: The Success of a Failed Party by Hilarie Staton

Photographs, diagrams, timelines, and first-hand accounts describe the Progressive Party founded in 1912 by former President Theodore Roosevelt.

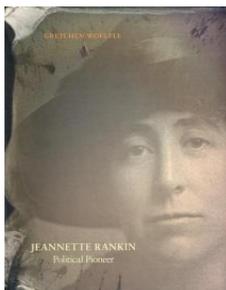


331.3 MEL

Cheap Raw Material

by Milton Meltzer

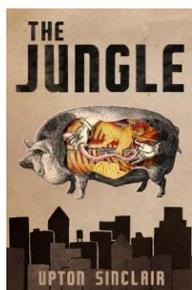
Presents the history of child labor which stretches back to the beginning of civilization and how much has changed for the better, but tragedy still strikes today in sweatshops, on farms, and even in the fast-food industry.



921 RAN

Jeannette Rankin: A Political Pioneer by Gretchen Woelfle

Profiles the life and career of early twentieth-century political activist and first woman to be elected to the U.S. House of Representatives, Jeannette Rankin.



F SIN

The Jungle by Upton Sinclair Other Genre(s): CLASSIC

Describes the conditions of the Chicago stockyards through the eyes of a young immigrant struggling in America.

Looking at women activists of the Progressive Era can provide insights into both the problems of the period and the emerging role of women in public life. As the country moved into the twentieth century, society had to confront the effects of industrialization, the growing concentration of economic power, urbanization, and a great wave of immigration.Â Wells-Barnett founded the first African American women suffrage organization, and both she and Terrell worked hard to gain support for the amendment. When Elizabeth Cady Stanton resigned as president of the National American Women Suffrage Association (NAWSA) in 1900, Carrie Chapman Catt and a new generation of women replaced her. Pictured are women's vote advocates Susan B Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton. Jordyn Beasley. The Progressive Era. Constitution Of Usa I Love America God Bless America America 2 Constitutional Amendments Constitutional Rights United We Stand Bill Of Rights Know The Truth. 16th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. Jordyn Beasley. The Progressive Era. Those Days Some People Roosevelt Running Projects Inspirational Quotes Presidents Social Studies Racing.Â However, this period was also responsible for a number of Latin American invasions, a split in the Republican party that resulted in a Bull Moose, and brought America into a World War. Education with DocRunning. Secondary Education Collaborative Board. Women lined the rooftop and windows of the ten-story building and jumped, landing in a â€œmangled, bloody pulp.â€ Life nets held by firemen tore at the impact of the falling bodies. Among the onlookers, â€œwomen were hysterical, scores fainted; men wept as, in paroxysms of frenzy, they hurled themselves against the police lines.â€ By the time the fire burned itself out, 71 workers were injured and 146 had died.2.Â In one of the defining books of the Progressive Era, *The Promise of American Life*, Herbert Croly argued that because â€œthe corrupt politician has usurped too much of the power which should be exercised by the people,â€ the â€œmillionaire and the trust have appropriated too many of the economic opportunities formerly enjoyed by the people.â€

The Progressive Era was a period of widespread social activism and political reform across the United States that spanned the 1890s to the 1920s. The main objectives of the Progressive movement were addressing problems caused by industrialization, urbanization, immigration, and political corruption. The movement primarily targeted political machines and their bosses. By taking down these corrupt representatives in office, a further means of direct democracy would be established. They also sought

The Progressive Era was a period of widespread social activism and political reform across the United States that spanned the 1890s to the 1920s.[1] The main objectives of the Progressive movement were addressing problems caused by industrialization, urbanization, immigration, and political corruption.Â In the early 20th century, American philanthropy matured, with the development of very large, highly visible private foundations created by Rockefeller, and Carnegie.Â Divorce rates increased as women preferred to seek education and freedom from the home.[quantify] Victorianism was pushed aside in favor of the rise of the Progressives.[31]. Individual activists' efforts and works[edit]. Politicians and government officials[edit].